

13b. Generic abelian Fourier term modules

First downward shift operator

In[*]:= **Clear[f, r, t, h, p, r, ff, rr, sol3m1, solm3m1]**

F = chbt f[r, t] * Phi[h, p, r, p]

Out[*]:= chbt f[r, t] * Phi[h, p, r, p]

In[*]:= **sh[3, -1, F, subab] // compr**

sol3m1[rr_] = Solve[% == 0, f[r + 1, t]][[1]] /. r -> rr - 1 // Simplify

ff[rr_] = f[rr, t] /. %

Out[*]:=
$$\frac{1}{4 \times (1 + p)} \text{chbt } p \text{ Phi}[3 + h, -1 + p, r, -1 + p]$$

$$((-3 + h - 2 p - r) f[-1 + r, t] + 2 t (2 i \text{ betac } \pi f[1 + r, t] + f^{(0,1)}[-1 + r, t]))$$

Out[*]:=
$$\left\{ f[rr, t] \rightarrow \frac{1}{4 \text{ betac } \pi t} i ((-2 + h - 2 p - rr) f[-2 + rr, t] + 2 t f^{(0,1)}[-2 + rr, t]) \right\}$$

Out[*]:=
$$\frac{i ((-2 + h - 2 p - rr) f[-2 + rr, t] + 2 t f^{(0,1)}[-2 + rr, t])}{4 \text{ betac } \pi t}$$

In[*]:= **eimp = efeqa[h, p, -p, f, beta] /. {f[2 - p, t] -> ff[2 - p], f^{(0, ee-)}[2 - p, t] -> D[ff[2 - p], {t, ee}]} /.
betac -> Conjugate[beta] // Simplify**

Out[*]:=
$$\left\{ \frac{1}{12} \times (48 + h^2 - 4 j^2 - 12 nu^2 + 48 p - 6 h p + 21 p^2 - 48 \pi^2 t^2 \text{ Abs}[\text{beta}]^2) f[-p, t] + \right.$$

$$t (-(3 + 2 p) f^{(0,1)}[-p, t]) + t f^{(0,2)}[-p, t],$$

$$\left(h^3 - 2 j^3 + 18 j nu^2 - 3 h (j^2 + 3 nu^2) + 216 p - \frac{9 h^2 p}{2} - 9 j^2 p - 27 nu^2 p + 216 p^2 + \frac{135 p^3}{2} - \right.$$

$$\left. 216 p \pi^2 t^2 \text{ Abs}[\text{beta}]^2 \right) f[-p, t] - 54 p t ((3 + 2 p) f^{(0,1)}[-p, t] - t f^{(0,2)}[-p, t]) \left. \right\}$$

In[*]:= **Try to simplify**

In[*]:= **Coefficient[eimp, f^{(0,2)}[-p, t]]**

Out[*]:= $\{t^2, 54 p t^2\}$

In[*]:= **eimpb = eimp[[2]] - 54 p eimp[[1]] // Factor**

Out[*]:= $(h - 2 j - 3 p) (h + j - 3 nu - 3 p) (h + j + 3 nu - 3 p) f[-p, t]$

Three possible relations

Second downward shift operator

In the same way

```
In[ ]:= Clear[f, r, t, h, p, r, ff, rr]
```

```
F = chbt f[r, t] * Phi[h, p, r, p]
```

```
Out[ ]:= chbt f[r, t] * Phi[h, p, r, p]
```

```
In[ ]:= sh[-3, -1, F, subab] // compr
```

```
solm3m1[rr_] = Solve[% == 0, f[r - 1, t]][[1]] /. r -> rr + 1 // Simplify
```

```
ff[rr_] = f[rr, t] /. %
```

$$\text{Out[]} = -\frac{1}{4 \times (1 + p)} \text{chbt } p \text{ Phi}[-3 + h, -1 + p, r, -1 + p]$$

$$(4 i \beta \pi t f[-1 + r, t] + (3 + h + 2 p - r) f[1 + r, t] - 2 t f^{(0,1)}[1 + r, t])$$

$$\text{Out[]} = \left\{ f[rr, t] \rightarrow \frac{i ((2 + h + 2 p - rr) f[2 + rr, t] - 2 t f^{(0,1)}[2 + rr, t])}{4 \beta \pi t} \right\}$$

$$\text{Out[]} = \frac{i ((2 + h + 2 p - rr) f[2 + rr, t] - 2 t f^{(0,1)}[2 + rr, t])}{4 \beta \pi t}$$

```
In[ ]:= eip = efeqa[h, p, p, f, beta] /. {f[p - 2, t] -> ff[p - 2], f^{(0,ee-)}[p - 2, t] -> D[ff[p - 2], {t, ee}]} /.  
betac -> Conjugate[beta] // Simplify
```

$$\text{Out[]} = \left\{ \frac{1}{12} \times (48 + h^2 - 4 j^2 - 12 nu^2 + 48 p + 6 h p + 21 p^2 - 48 \pi^2 t^2 \text{Abs}[\beta]^2) f[p, t] + \right.$$

$$t \left(-((3 + 2 p) f^{(0,1)}[p, t]) + t f^{(0,2)}[p, t] \right),$$

$$\left(h^3 - 2 j^3 + 18 j nu^2 - 3 h (j^2 + 3 nu^2) - 216 p + \frac{9 h^2 p}{2} + 9 j^2 p + 27 nu^2 p - 216 p^2 - \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{135 p^3}{2} + 216 p \pi^2 t^2 \text{Abs}[\beta]^2 \right) f[p, t] + 54 p t \left((3 + 2 p) f^{(0,1)}[p, t] - t f^{(0,2)}[p, t] \right) \left. \right\}$$

```
In[ ]:= Coefficient[eip, f^{(0,2)}[p, t]]
```

```
Out[ ]:= {t^2, -54 p t^2}
```

```
In[ ]:= eip[[2]] + 54 p eip[[1]] // Factor
```

```
Out[ ]:= (h - 2 j + 3 p) (h + j - 3 nu + 3 p) (h + j + 3 nu + 3 p) f[p, t]
```