

19b. Second downward shift operator

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In[ = ]:= F = tht[m[r]] × f[r, t] × Phi[h, p, r, p]
Out[ = ]= f[r, t] × Phi[h, p, r, p] × tht[m[r]]

In[ = ]:= sh[-3, -1, F, subnab] // compr // Simplify;
krm3m1 = % /. r → r - 1 /. m[r - 2] → m[r] - eps // Simplify
Out[ = ]= 
$$\frac{1}{4 \times (1 + p)} p \Phi_{-3+h, -1+p, -1+r, -1+p} \left( 2 i \sqrt{2\pi} t \sqrt{\text{Abs}[ell]} f[-2+r, t] \right.$$


$$\left. ((-1 + \text{eps}) \sqrt{-\text{eps} + m[r]} \text{tht}[-1 - \text{eps} + m[r]] + (1 + \text{eps}) \sqrt{1 - \text{eps} + m[r]} \text{tht}[1 - \text{eps} + m[r]]) - \right.$$


$$\text{tht}[m[r]] ((4 + h + 2 p - r + 4 \text{ell} \pi t^2) f[r, t] - 2 t f^{(0,1)}[r, t]) \right)$$


In[ = ]:= krm3m1 /. eps → 1 /. Abs[ell] → ell // Simplify;
krm3m1psub = f[r - 2, t] /. Solve[% == 0, f[r - 2, t]][1] // Simplify
% == ((h + 2 p - r + 4 + 4 Pi ell t^2) f[r, t] - 2 t f^{(0,1)}[r, t]) / (4 I t Sqrt[2 Pi ell m[r]]) /.
(pp_ qq_) ^ ee_ → pp ^ ee qq ^ ee // Simplify
Out[ = ]= 
$$-\frac{i ((4 + h + 2 p - r + 4 \text{ell} \pi t^2) f[r, t] - 2 t f^{(0,1)}[r, t])}{4 \sqrt{\text{ell}} \sqrt{2\pi} t \sqrt{m[r]}}$$


Out[ = ]= True

Valid for m[r]≥0

In[ = ]=
krm3m1 /. eps → -1 // Simplify
krm3m1msub = Solve[% == 0, f[r - 2, t]][1] // Simplify
Out[ = ]= 
$$-\frac{1}{4 \times (1 + p)} p \Phi_{-3+h, -1+p, -1+r, -1+p} \times \text{tht}[m[r]]$$


$$\left( (4 + h + 2 p - r + 4 \text{ell} \pi t^2) f[r, t] + 4 i \sqrt{2\pi} t \sqrt{\text{Abs}[ell]} f[-2+r, t] \sqrt{1 + m[r]} - 2 t f^{(0,1)}[r, t] \right)$$

Out[ = ]= 
$$\left\{ f[-2+r, t] \rightarrow \frac{i ((4 + h + 2 p - r + 4 \text{ell} \pi t^2) f[r, t] - 2 t f^{(0,1)}[r, t])}{4 \sqrt{2\pi} t \sqrt{\text{Abs}[ell]} \sqrt{1 + m[r]}} \right\}$$


In[ = ]= (f[r - 2, t] /. krm3m1msub) == -((h + 2 p - r + 4 + 4 Pi ell t^2) f[r, t] - 2 t f^{(0,1)}[r, t]) /.
(4 I t Sqrt[2 Pi Abs[ell] (1 + m[r])]) // Simplify
Out[ = ]= True

Valid for m[r]≥0

In[ = ]= krm3m1 /. eps → 1 /. r → r0 /. m[r0] → 0 // Simplify
Out[ = ]= 
$$-\frac{1}{4 \times (1 + p)} p \Phi_{-3+h, -1+p, -1+r0, -1+p} \times \text{tht}[0] ((4 + h + 2 p - r0 + 4 \text{ell} \pi t^2) f[r0, t] - 2 t f^{(0,1)}[r0, t])$$


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Valid for $|r_0| \leq p$