

A). Consider a Hamiltonian system defined on  $\mathbb{R}^6$  with an equilibrium point at the origin for which the Taylor expansion reads as  $H(x, y) = H_0^0(x, y) + H_1^0(x, y) + \dots$  with

$$H_0^0(x, y) = \frac{y_1^2 + x_1^2}{2} + y_2^2 + x_2^2 + y_3^2 + x_3^2 .$$

Note that the equilibrium is elliptic with frequencies in 1:2:2 resonance.

1. Compute the flow of the vector field defined by  $H_0^0$ .
2. Give the spectrum of the linear mapping  $X_{H_0^0} : \mathcal{G}_{k+2} \longrightarrow \mathcal{G}_{k+2}$  for general  $k \in \mathbb{N}$ .
3. Specify this for  $k = 1$  and determine complex polynomial bases for the subspaces in the splitting  $\mathcal{G}_3 = \ker X_{H_0^0} \oplus \text{im } X_{H_0^0}$ .
4. Determine from this real polynomial bases for these subspaces.
5. Show that the third order normal form of  $H$  can be brought into the form

$$H(q, p) = H_0^0(q, p) + A \left( \frac{p_1^2 - q_1^2}{2} q_2 - p_1 q_1 p_2 \right) + B \left( \frac{p_1^2 - q_1^2}{2} q_3 - p_1 q_1 p_3 \right) + \dots$$

by means of a Poisson transformation  $(x, y) \mapsto (q, p)$ . *Hint:* use rotations in the  $(q_2, p_2)$ -plane and in the  $(q_3, p_3)$ -plane to get rid of the terms

$$\frac{p_1^2 - q_1^2}{2} p_2 + p_1 q_1 q_2 \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{p_1^2 - q_1^2}{2} p_3 + p_1 q_1 q_3 .$$

6. Use a rotation in the 4-dimensional  $(q_2, p_2, q_3, p_3)$ -space to achieve  $B = 0$ . Conclude that the truncated third order normal form  $H_0^0(q, p) + H_1^0(q, p)$  around an elliptic equilibrium with frequencies in 1:2:2 resonance is integrable, having three independent integrals of motion.

B). Consider a Hamiltonian system defined on  $\mathbb{R}^6$  with an equilibrium point at the origin for which the Taylor expansion reads as  $H(x, y) = H_0^0(x, y) + H_1^0(x, y) + \dots$  with

$$H_0^0(x, y) = -\frac{y_1^2 + x_1^2}{2} + y_2^2 + x_2^2 + y_3^2 + x_3^2 .$$

Note that the equilibrium is elliptic, but not an extremum of the Hamiltonian function. One speaks of an equilibrium in  $-1:2:2$  resonance. Show that the truncated third order normal form is integrable.